The Hillsborough Recorder.

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Issued Monthly.

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A recent writer observes that it is obviously a perversion of the term to say that to be a gentleman is to do and be all that is excellent as to say that he is one who never does anything; that although a man may be a good man in addition to being a gentleman, the two things are quite distinct: and that, in short, he may be a gentleman and yet be a very wicked man. We believe this to be an entire misconception of the character: A man so inconsistent as to sail under false colors and make himself agreeable for a sinister purpose we should consider one of the most dangerous persons we could introduce into our homes or among our friends; we find a better conception of the character in a recent work of fiction. "He is certainly a gentleman," the author says of one of his heroes, "though what constitutes a gentleman is an open question. It is not culture, for I have known ignorant men gentlemen and learned scholars who were not. It is not money, nor grace, nor goodness, nor station. It is something indefinable, like poetry."—*Tinsley's Magazine.*

GYPSY CUNNING.

It is impossible not to be struck by the originality and cleverness of the gypsies in their vices. A gypsy man was at confession one day; and, whilst he was confessing, he spied in the pocket of the monk's habit a silver snuff-box, and stole it. "Father," he said, immediately, "I accuse myself of having stolen a silver snuff-box." "Then, my son, you must certainly restore it." "Will you have it yourself my father?" "I? certainly not my son!" "The fact is, proceeded the gypsy, "that I have offered it to its owner, and he refused it." "Then you can keep it with a good conscience, answered the father."

THE THIRD TERM IN NEW YORK.

The Utica *Observer*—a Republican paper—has lately accused Judge Edwards Pierrepont of having declared in favor of a third term, it being reported that Judge Pierrepont had disavowed the soft impeachment, the *Observer* publishes a letter from a gentleman, who says he heard Judge Pierrepont in a conversation of several hours at a hotel in Albany, last May, declare that General Grant would be re-nominated and re-elected. That while he might lose some Republican votes at the North, they would be more than made up by the votes of Democrats, and that particularly, would he get the entire Southern Democratic vote. In answer to arguments that Grant ought not to be re-elected, Judge P. would only reply, that Grant represented, just as Lincoln had done before him, the average intelligence and morality of the country, and that in a Republic that was the best thing to be hoped for. There was a good deal of talk about such appointments as those of Casey, Packard, Simmons, &c; and the selection by Grant of a low and vulgar class of men for his intimates. While Judge Pierrepont did not deny that there was much to be regretted, he reiterated the assertion, that General Grant was the representative of the average intelligence and morality of the American public. (We heard this same argument once employed by a Democratic orator against Mr. Clay and in support of Mr. Polk. Clay, it was urged, was too much above the common level—he could not sympathize with the masses—which could not be objected to Polk.) Judge Pierrepont several times repeated his belief that Grant would be renominated and re-elected—and on parting, he said: "I may not see you again before the Presidential election, but remember my prediction, that General Grant will be re-elected by a very large majority."

The writer adds:

"I ought to have stated that, in connection with the Southern aspects of the question, Mr. Pierrepont stated (and I inferred from the connection that the President shared the view) that the giving of immediate suffrage to the ignorant and unlettered black population of the South was the stupendous mistake of the age, and that it could not have possibly resulted otherwise than it had—in disorder, misgovernment, demoralization and disaster. He intimated pretty clearly, if he did not explicitly state, the only thing to be done was to have a new reconstruction in the South which should change in some way the basis of political power. My impression was that this was the inducement which was to lead to the support of Grant on the part of the Southern whites."

Judge Pierrepont is one of the most prominent lawyers in New York, and on very intimate relations with President Grant. If his opinion of universal suffrage be that of the President—and no man of common sense can doubt its correctness—this may be significant of more than is expressed.—*Richmond Whig.*

LOOK AFTER THE EYES.

Multitudes of men and women have made their eyes weak for life by the too free use of eye-sight, reading fine print and doing fine sewing. In view of these things it is well to observe the following rules in the use of eyes:

Avoid all sudden changes between light and darkness.

Never read by twilight or on a very cloudy day.

Never sleep so that on waking the eyes shall open on the light of the window.

Do not use eyesight by light so scant that it requires an effort to discriminate.

Never read or sew directly in front of the light of the window.

It is best to have the light from above, or obliquely, or over the left shoulder.

Too much light creates a glare, and pains and confuses the sight. The moment you are sensible of an effort to distinguish, that moment stop and talk, walk or ride.

As the sky is blue and the earth green, it would seem that the ceiling should be of a bluish tinge, the carpet green, and the walls of some mellow tint.

The moment you are instinctively inclined to rub the eyes, that moment cease to use them.

If the eyelids are glued together on waking do not forcibly open them, but apply saliva with the finger, and then wash your eyes and face with warm water.

Fall ploughing should be attended to now, if good crops are expected next year. The soil needs stirring.

Said a man to the Mayor of New London, whom he met at the State Fair, "I have seen beets in California as big as I am." "I beg your pardon," said the Mayor, "but I think that you deceive yourself."

At an anti-monopoly convention at Iowa, recently, some fellow bawled at the door: "Candidates are requested to step down stairs a few minutes." Then everybody went down stairs except a deaf old fellow who wanted to run for jailer.

An English clergyman exclaimed, in a company of his fellow preachers, "Ah, well, there is only one thing in our ministrations more trying to me than preaching." "Indeed!" they said, "and what may that be?" "Hearing any one else preach," he replied.

A TEXAS VENDETTA.

History of the Taylor-Sutton Feud—Nineteen Homicides Already.

A member of one of the two military companies sent from Galveston, Texas, to Indianola as guards of the prisoner William Taylor, accused of killing William Sutton and Gilbert Slaughter on the Morgan steamship last Spring, has contributed to the Galveston News the following account of the outrages out of which the murder and arrest grew:

"We reached the wharf a few minutes before 8 o'clock, where we were met by District Attorney W. H. Crane, who accompanied the command to the court-house, and caused the sheriff to receive the prisoner and place him in jail; and by his request Captain Weeks placed sentinels around the jail to prevent either a rescue or an attempt to lynch, as the Governor had been informed might be attempted. On the wharf there were fewer persons than I expected to see, judging from rumors we had heard; and on the streets very few of the partisans of the antagonistic factions were seen. In fact, scarcely a dozen of them were noticed, they were very quiet and orderly. In this connection I will add that the much regretted feud between the families and friends of Sutton and Taylor should cease. It has already cost a sufficient number of lives to cause those now living to reflect and stop. From two gentlemen who reside in that portion of the State I learn that the feud originated in Alabama about eighteen years ago. Their accounts of its subsequent progress is substantially as follows: Shortly after the death of a member of one of these families at the hands of the other, one family moved to this State and settled in Western Texas. Subsequently the other came and settled, unknowingly, in the same neighborhood. Here they lived peaceably up to the end of the late war, when one Charles Taylor, though no relative, came among them, and, being accused of stealing horses, fled to Bastrop county with a friend, Jim Sharp. They were pursued by several citizens, among whom Wm. Sutton was said to have been. Taylor and Sharp were caught and shot. After the return of the pursuing party to Dewitt county, Buck Taylor, uncle to the prisoner, and Dick Chisholm expressed their feelings so strongly regarding the killing of Charley Taylor and Sharp as to give offense to Wm Sutton and a Mr. White, from which resulted a fight and the death of Taylor and Chisholm. It is stated that the next two killed were Littlejohn and Stannard, who were shot in Wilson county, both friends of Sutton's. The supposition was that Taylor's friends committed the act. This was in 1870, when Davis's State police were in force, and with whom rumor says Sutton was friendly, if not connected. In 1872 C. S. Bell, State policeman shot and killed Hays Taylor. In 1872 Bobey Taylor was killed by a man in Kerrville. In 1873, as Mr. Cox and a friend were riding in advance of Messrs. Tomlinson, Walls and England, friends of Sutton's party, from Helena toward Yorktown, they were shot from the bushes and killed, it was supposed by the Taylor party. During the same year Mark Taylor was killed by a party with whom Jack Helm was, and in the same year Helm was killed in Atascosa county, it was believed by some of the Taylor gang. In 1872 Pitkin Taylor, another uncle of William Taylor, was called out of his house and so badly shot that he did not long survive. Shortly afterward two more of his relatives, the Kellett boys, were killed.

Early last spring the Sutton party, under Captain Tomlinson and William Sutton, completely surrounded the Taylors, and would have ended the difficulties had not good citizens interfered and secured a treaty of peace, which was signed by each member of the two parties, and was kept until the killing of Sutton and Slaughter on the steamship Clinton last March, and as a principal in which William Taylor, the prisoner, is now under accusation. Within a month from that time Scrap Taylor, the only brother of the prisoner, who had been captured in Comanche county and sent to De Witt, charged with cattle stealing, was taken from jail by a mob, consisting, it was thought, of Sutton men, and shot to death.

These are all the homicides I could hear of, yet my informants admit that there may have been others, as the two parties are always in the saddle, arrayed against each other. At present the Sutton party are largely in the ascendant. I am also told that the feud has drawn into it many others, and if a general fight should at any time begin, there would be 1,000 or 1,200 involved. It is thought to be utterly impossible to obtain an unbiased jury in any of the adjacent counties, for these partisans have sympathizers in them. Yet in Indianola there would have been no trouble. At the court here the venire of sixty summoned was a very intelligent one, and men who would have been just, without fear or favor.

Speaking of this difficulty, an attorney stated it was with regret that the people of a county like De Witt, with 1 600 voters, felt it necessary to call upon the Executive for protection and the enforcement of the law. All with whom I conversed expressed themselves favorable to the passage of a more vigorous police law, even the reenactment of the Davis police bill, with the objectionable features, such as the suspension of the habeas corpus, assessment and collection of money from counties to defray expenses, and the power of the Governor to declare martial law. They believe such a law, in hands of good officers, is absolutely needed in the West. I hear only the most flattering report as to the conduct of Captain L. H. McNelly and his command, and would suggest that by some means he be appointed sheriff of that county, and allowed to retain his command to enforce the law, which he would do if the Legislature would enlarge his powers. I believe it would break up both gangs, or at least their carrying weapons. It is conceded by a large number of citizens that had no troops come either an effort to release or one to lynch Taylor would have been made. Several of the leading men of each party were in attendance on the court.

WHAT A WOMAN DID.

When I first came to New York, at the age of twelve years, to seek my fortune, I can call myself a precocious chap without danger of being accused of an unusual degree of self-appreciation. I was quick to learn everything, the bad as well as the good. My employer used profane language. I picked up the oaths he dropped with a naturalness that surprised even myself. The boys in the office all chewed tobacco. This was a little the hardest job I ever attempted, but after two weeks of nausea and indescribable stomach wrenchings, I came off victorious and could get away with my paper a day with the best of them.

One afternoon I was sent with a note from my employer to a house in the upper part of the city. I hadn't anything to read, but I had plenty of tobacco, and with that I proposed to entertain myself during the two or three hours I must spend in the passage. For some distance I did not notice who were beside me, but by-and-by a lady said very softly and pleasantly: 'Would you please little boy, be more careful? I am going to a party this afternoon, and I should hate to have my dress spoiled.'

I looked into her face. It was the sweetest face I ever saw. Pale earnest, and loving; to my boyish heart it was the countenance of an angel.

There was very little that I could say. I managed to dispose of the tobacco, however, and wiped my mouth very carefully, all of which I felt certain she saw and mentally commented upon.

'Have you a mother, little boy?' she next asked in the same tone.

"No ma'am,' I answered, and I felt my throat filling up, and I knew I must swallow mighty fast to keep from sobbing.

'You have a father, then, I suppose?' she kept on.

'No, ma'am, no father.'

'Brothers and sisters?'

'Neither, ma'am.'

'Then the little boy is all alone in the world?'

'Alone, ma'am.'

'How long has your mother been dead?' and the dear woman looked away from my face, and waited until I could speak.

'Two years,' I answered.

'And you loved her?' came next.

'Dearly,' was all I could say.

She was silent a moment, and then said, so sweetly—oh, I shall never forget it:

'And what do you think your dear mother would say—how do you think she would feel—to know that her little boy was guilty of such a disgusting habit as this?' pointing to my cheek, where the telltale quid had vainly tried to stand its ground.

'I must leave now,' she continued, 'but here is my card, and if you come to me 'most any evening I shall be glad to see you, and perhaps we can be of service to each other.'

She gave me her little gloves hand, and to my dying day I shall never forget the sensation of that moment. I could not bear to part with her: without her I felt that I could do nothing; with her I could grow to a man's estate—a man in the true sense of the word. From that moment tobacco never passed my lips.

As soon as I could summon courage I called upon that lady. Well do I remember how my heart beat as I waited in the elegant parlor for her to come down; and how awkward I felt as I followed my guide to her private sitting-room. Here she got at every point of my life, and before I bade her good-bye it was arranged that I should spend two evenings of each week at her house, and study on these occasions just what she thought best. No lover ever looked forward to meeting with the mistress of his heart any more ardently than I did to these meetings with my friend.

I grew careful of my personal appearance careful of my conversation, and strove in every way to be worthy of this noble friendship.—Two years passed in this delightful manner—two years that made me. My friend not only attended to my studies, striving also all the while to sow the right kind of spiritual seed, but she procured me a situation with a particular friend of hers, where I remain to this day. Nobody but God knows what I owe this woman. During the last three months of these two years I noticed that she grew constantly pale and thin; she never was betrayed into speaking of herself. Sometimes when I would ask her if she felt worse than usual, she would reply:

"Oh no! I am only a little tired—that is all.'

One evening she kept me by her sofa much longer than her custom, while she arranged lessons and laid out work enough, it seemed to me, for months.

'Why so much to-night?' I inquired, conscious that my heart ached, and vaguely suspecting the cause.

'Because, dear,' she answered, 'I do not want you to come for the next week and I am anxious that you should have sufficient work to anticipate, as well as to keep you busy. I think I can trust you to be a good boy, John?'

'I think you can, ma'am,' I answered, almost sobbing.

'If I should see your mother, my boy, before long, what shall I say to her for you?'

Then I knew all, and my grief knew no bounds. It is no use to go on. She died two days after; and when I hear folks saying, 'There's a woman at the bottom of it,' I feel like telling the whole world what a woman did for me.—*American Citizen.*

Civil rights—Obliging oarsmen.

Beginning to leave—the leaves.

The acrobats of every household—The pitcher and tumbler.

A clergyman at Paris, Ky., stopped his prayer to lead an unruly man out by the ear, and went on: 'As I was saying, O Lord.'

Lately a Western young lady had occasion to inform a young gentleman that 'her hand was not a lemon.' He wanted a pouch and had the other 'ingredience.'

The sensitive boy lives in Delaware. He arose at midnight, footed it half a mile and awoke a store clerk and bought a fine comb. He didn't want to have any one hear him ask for it.

'I tell you what,' said a Troy widower, as he spit out of the window. 'It seems awful when I think Sary's down in the ground instead of being around fixing to dry apples.

Gasaway B. Lamar, died recently in New York, bequeathing $100,000 for the erection at Savannah, Ga., of a home for aged and infirm negroes.

'Gracious heavens!' exclaimed Mrs. Marrowfat—the Brooklyn Argus tells the story—dropping the paper from her nervous grasp, and leaning back in her chair with an expression of blank astonishment on her countenance. 'Gracious heavens, Miltiades, what's a 'paroxysmal kiss?' Mr. Marrowfat, assuming a very serious aspect, observed: 'A 'paroxysmal kiss' is a kiss buttered with soul lightning.'

At Plainfield, N. J., recently, James McLean died after swallowing a mixture given him by his wife on the day on which he was to have departed for Ireland, where he recently inherited a small property. His wife has been arrested on suspicion of having poisoned him.

In a recent number of Scribner, Mr. Edward King has an article entitled 'Down the Mississippi,' in which he states that in Louisiana a plantation costing $30,000 was offered for $700, and land originally worth $100 an acre will not bring $10; the depreciation he charges upon the political complications of the State.

INFIDELITY.—A writer in the current number of an English periodical says: We hear voices all around us that warn us of the approach of an age of infidelity, before which the social peace and happiness of the country may fall to ruin, as they fell to ruin in France at the end of the last century.

Adair County, Mo., possesses a very prosperous cheese factory. The farmers realize ten cents a gallon for their milk, which equals $3 a month for each cow. Thirty-four farmers raised the funds ($1,600) among themselves to build the factory, and the experiment has been so satisfactory as to lead to the establishment of three more factories.

A SUBTERRANEAN FOREST.—Mr. C. J. Sale, of this county (Essex), in digging a well recently, at the depth of about thirty feet, came upon the bodies of large trees several feet in diameter, which proved on examination to be cypress. Fearing the water would be injured by the wood, he determined to abandon this well and dug another some distance off. When he had reached about the same depth he again encountered the trees, and a third attempt at a still greater distance from the first well, still brought him in contact with this subterranean forest, the trees of which are of great size and well preserved.—*Tidewater Index.*

HOLLAND'S Warehouse, Danville Va., is the place for the Highest Prices for TOBACCO, and *best Accommodations*

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....OCT. 28, 1874.

A BEGINNING.

A large, most respectable and enthusiastic meeting of the citizens of Craven County was held in the Court House in Newbern on the 13th instant to give expression to their views concerning the necessity and expediency of calling a Convention to amend the organic law of the State.

The meeting called in this issue of the Recorder, to bring the same subject before the people of Orange is the second step in the same direction, and we hope to see a full and unequivocal expression of opinion.

It is time these steps had been generally taken. We have to complain that the people have been trifled with; that politicians and the press have too positively assumed to decide the question for them; that information has been withheld and discussion avoided; and that consequently the most vital question with which the public has had to deal, has been smothered up, and interests, the most momentous, have been made to yield to personal fears or party expediency.

Those who have advocated the reform of the Constitution through a Convention have not been afraid to meet the question. They have urged it as a matter of conscience, of duty, of patriotism. They do not thrust it forward as an element of contention. They offer it, as in their judgment, as a legal mode of remedying a universally admitted grievance, and present it as the safest, the wisest, and most comprehensive method of reaching that end. If they are disappointed, they will bow with deferent submission to the decision of the majority.

But they do think that the opponents of the measure should have taken up some weapon other than silence. That savors of a contemptuous ignoring of a subject entirely too grave to be dismissed in such a way. If they have arguments against it, it is the right of the people to have the benefit. If those arguments are the strongest, they deserve to prevail. Information on both sides is wanted.

The Wilmington Journal makes some pertinent suggestions growing out of the fate of the democratic members of the two last sessions of the Legislature. It shows that out of sixty seven democratic Senators since the party came into power in 1772, but six re-appear in the present Senate, and of the one hundred and fifty members of the House for the same length of time, only seventeen re-appear now; all the others have been laid aside. The Journal does not present this statement to awe the present Legislature into the accomplishment of its wishes. It does it to show that the people, in this State, never fickle nor apt to change their public servants through caprice, have failed through these servants to obtain relief from their troubles, and have therefore fallen upon the natural resort to change, to effect their purposes. But the fault is not with the Legislature, and multiplied changes will bring them no nearer to the accomplishment of their wishes so long as a Constitution so foreign to their habits, and so hostile to their interests stands as an insuperable obstacle in the way of relief.

Let the movement inaugurated in Craven be followed up, and let the press exhibit the candor which has begun to appear in some of the journals on the other side, and then the opinions of Judge Manly, of Judge Howard, of Mr. Conigland will reach an auditory which has hitherto been unwisely denied proper and necessary information.

A CASE IN POINT.

The recent trial of Robert Barnett in the county of Person, of which mention is made in our local columns, is one which ought to go far to correct the wicked misrepresentation with which the people of the South have been assailed in all the transactions with the colored race. Here was a man, most respectably and influentially connected, arraigned for a horrible crime upon a negro girl, and put on his trial upon the awful issue of life and death, with family influence powerless to shield him, the distinction of race unable to exonerate him. In the stern presence of the law of the land, all these distinctions faded away, and the colored victim of brutality was accorded the same vindication of her rights that under the laws of the State had before been given to the whites.

And so it is, and so it has always been when North Carolinians have been free to administer their own laws. No taint of corruption has ever attached to her native born judges, no complaint of partiality has ever been whispered to their disparagement. Whatever of violence or disorder has grown up in the State in years now happily gone by was the product of a factitious condition of things, the result of the elevation of men to the bench who knew little of law, had less of principle, who are governed by their partisan prejudices, and who delighted in denying justice to the white man, and in smoothing the way to escape for the colored man arraigned for his crimes.

Violence, the summary vindication by society of its rights, and the redress of its wrongs, was the natural result of this. The political revolution of 1870, a revolution that is still in progress, restored the State to its reverence for law, to its obedience to authority. And so it will be in all the Southern States, when the curse of carpet bag rule is removed, when the native whites of the South are free to carry out their own impulses of generosity, and their own suggestions of reason and sound policy.

UNFAIR.

The Rocky Mount Mail says "in Orange County, the Hillsboro Recorder may reflect the views of the Orange Conservatives, as the Wilmington Journal may those of New Hanover; but in all the doubtful counties the people are opposed to a Convention and will vote against any candidate for delegate who will favor it. *We believe that a discussion of the question has demonstrated beyond a shadow of a doubt the hopelessness of any attempt to call one now,* and by the time the Legislature assembles, it will have died a natural death."

Now, when has the question been so discussed as to lead to such a conclusion? It is what we have complained of, that, that part of the press opposed to a Convention have assumed to decide without authority, and that, without discussion. They have admitted nothing in their columns which favored the question; they have offered no arguments based upon the right, the duty or the necessity of calling a Convention. They have ignored the subject. They leave the people for whom they assume to speak, without information. They obtain no expression of opinion from them, and then decide definitely and oracularly, that the people are opposed to the call of a Convention.

The movement has just begun. The meeting in Newbern will be followed by others. The opinions of Judge Manly and others, those of Judge Howard at Tarboro, of Wright, Davis, Strange, Meares, French and Holmes at Wilmington, the expression of opinion that we know are yet to come, are enough to show that this vital question cannot be whistled down the wind; cannot be pooh-poohed into oblivion, cannot be settled until it is decided upon a wider arena, and by a more authoritative tribunal than a portion of the press of the State.

At least, let there be a full and fair discussion of the merits of the question, let the people have the means of information, and then, if the decision is against us, we will bow submissively to their will. But we protest against having a decision against us without a hearing.

A GAMBLING AFFAIR.

We regret that there was at the late Fair a departure from the rule rigidly adhered to last year to exclude from the grounds whatever bore the semblance of gambling, or whatever introduced into the ground under sanction of authority men and schemes of more than doubtful character.

It is short-sighted policy, for the sake of an entrance fee, or other mode of compensation, to authorize modes of making money which elsewhere the law puts under its interdict. The scheme to which we refer, it is true, had somewhat the sanction of a license, and assumed the character of an agency for a charitable purpose. It was open gambling, nevertheless, and those who played with it long enough left more in charity than their benevolence would have prompted them to give, and very far more we are sure, than the objects of the charity are ever likely to receive.

The crowds which constantly surrounded the arena showed the dangerous fascination of the game, and hundreds went away with lightened pockets to meditate ruefully upon this questionable bestowment of alms.

The Fair Ground, the common rendezvous of all, attracting to its varied features the divine, the lady, the innocent youth, the unsuspecting child, should obtrude nothing upon the sight offensive to morality, or good taste, and it should have no secret recesses where questionable practices could be indulged in in seclusion. Of these last, the Fair Grounds were happily free, but there was much that was witnessed with regret, and a repetition of which will result in most disastrous consequences.

VIRGINIA STATE FAIR

Promises to be a grand affair. Among other attractions a battalion of Cadets from Lexington (200 in number) will be present. They are provided with a free passage to and from Richmond, and all expenses paid. Our Cadets will be apt to draw comparisons unfavorable to the generosity or public spirit of our own railroads.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

The confirmation of the election of Bishop Seymour, as Bishop of Illinois has been rejected by a large majority. This is regarded as a triumph of the Moderate Church party, and a heavy blow to ritualism, of which Bishop Seymour appears to be an advanced advocate.

GRANGES.

On the first day of October, according to an official bulletin issued by the Secretary of the National Grange, there were in the several States 20,800 subordinate Granges. During the preceding month 409 new granges had been instituted. The next session of the National Grange will be held in Charleston, South Carolina, on the first Wednesday in February, 1875.—The Granges represented in each State are as follows: Alabama, 632; Arkansas, 504; California, 231; Connecticut, 3; Delaware, 14; Florida, 97; Georgia, 650; Illinois, 1,513; Indiana, 1,991; Iowa, 2,000; Kansas, 1,350; Kentucky, 1,425; Louisiana, 185; Maine, 38; Maryland, 118; Massachusetts, 64; Michigan, 509; Minnesota, 340; Mississippi, 622; Missouri, 1,992; Nebraska, 595; New Hampshire, 37; New Jersey, 80; New York, 238; North Carolina, 460; Nevada, 5; Ohio, 1,031; Oregon, 174; Pennsylvania, 349; South Carolina, 313; Tennessee, 1,003; Texas, 687; Vermont, 125; Virginia, 378; West Virginia, 110; Wisconsin, 505; Colorado, 65; Dakota, 56; Canada, 51; Idaho, 25; Montana, 23; Indian Territory, 4.

GENERAL NEWS

NASHUA, N. H; October 20.—Last night six masked men entered the room of Cashier Soubegan, of the National Bank of Milford, gagged him put a rope around his neck, shut his wife, four children and servant in a closet, dragged him to the bank and made him open the vault, which they had robbed of about $45.000 currency, $15.000 in $20.000 in bonds, mostly government, and some other securities. They then led him back to the house, tied him to the bed-post and left.

The family forced open the closet about 4 o'clock and gave the alarm, but no trace of the robbers could be discovered.

BOSTON, October 20.—The robbery of the Milford bank was undoubtedly the work of professionals. Mr. Sawyer, the cashier, was in the habit of leaving the key of the bank at the postoffice in order to guard against such a scheme as that followed out by the robbers. The robbers were aware of this, and after placing a cord around Mr. Sawyer's neck, prarenting any outcry, forced him to accompany them by threatening to kill his babe in case he refused to comply with their demands. Arriving at the postoffice the robbers effected an entrance by removing a pane of glass with a diamond. The keys of the bank were not in their possession.

COLUMBIA, October 20.—Despatches from Newberry to-night, state that a row occurred there to-day, in which a town marshal and a colored man was killed. There was very high excitement, and a company of United State troops was called out, and order restored. A man named Hardy, was arrested and lodged in jail, but it is not certainly known whether he shot the marshal or not. There were about 2,000 negroes in town, in attendance upon Robinson's circus.

MONTGOMERY, ALA; October 19.—One month ago the sheriff of Sumter county summoned a posse of forty-two men to suppress a negro riot near Belmont. The rioters dispersed without waiting for the arrival of the posse, and the posse was disbanded. A little negro, who carried the United States mail on a mule, was detained a few minutes on the road by the posse to prevent an unnecessary spread of excitement in other and quiet settlements. Afterwards this posse was arrested as Ku-Klux, and also for stopping the United States mail, but they are now released on bonds of one hundred dollars each. A large number of men are summoned to appear before the United States court in Huntsville, on the extreme northern border of the State, early in November. In some counties as many as one hundred to one hundred and fifty have been summoned. It is also reported to-day that from five hundred to eight hundred warrants have been issued for the arrest of men in districts where no disorder have been reported. Multitudes of deputy marshals are being appointed on the recommendation of Charles E. Mayer, chairman of the Republican Executive Committee, but the State was never more quiet.

WASHINGTON, October 20.—The successor of Judge Dick Busteed, United States District Judge of Alabama, has not yet been determined upon. The appointment is believed to be between Lieutenant-Governor McKistry and General John Bruce, late Senator, with strong chance for Judge Nash as a compromise candidate. Other candidates are mentioned, but Judge Lewis is not, and will not, be an applicant for the place.

INDIANAPOLIS, October 19.—The Indiana Legislature stands fifty-two democrats to thirty-seven republicans, and the Senate is unchanged.

MOBILE, Oct 21.—Thos. B. Wetmore, a distinguished lawyer of Livingston, Ala; and nephew of the late Geo. E. Badger, formerly U S. Senator from North Carolina, Stephen Smith, his client, and John Little, colored, arrived in Mobile this morning, under guard charged with conspiring to injure detective Hester. They were arrested during the session of the Circuit Court of Sumter county, some 200 miles from Mobile. Upon delivery to the U. S. Marshal here they were released on parole to appear before Commissioner Gillette to morrow. The warrant issued by the Commissioner residing at the place of arrest was returnable in Mobile before a different Commissioner.

NEW YORK, October 19.—The trustees of the Peabody educational fund held their annual meeting at the Fifth Avenue Hotel a few days ago. The eighth report of the general agent was read, giving the business of the past year in detail, and shows a favorable result. Hon. Wm. M. Evarts read a report of the committee appointed on the subject of education. The report considered the prospects and hopes of the public system of education at the South will receive a serious if not fatal blow from any legislation which should make such system maintainable only on the scheme of mixed schools, and that while justice and public duty in the interests of both the white and colored people of the South concur in demanding a system of public education which should give equal opportunities, yet no such result would be attained by legislation of a character indicated.

Lynch's tobacco warehouse, in Lynchburg Va; was destroyed by fire early on Sunday morning. The fire extended to an adjoining three-story building, occupied by Jennings & Hancock, grocers; N. Hix, grocer; John Shearer, dealer in rags, and A. J. & F. T. Camp, grocers. The contents of stores were nearly all removed. There were also three wooden buildings, owned by Philip Bear, and occupied by him as a pop manufactory. All the above named property, except the latter, was owned by John A. Liggett, whose loss will amount to about $25,000, and is insured. The fire was the work of incendiary origin.

NEW ORLEANS, October 22.—Advices from Shreveport state that the United States authorities there are preparing to arrest a number of merchants and others. The *Times*, in an extra, advises submission to arrest by United States soldiers, but counsels the parties so arrested not to give bail.

The latest advices from the cane growers' returns show an uncommonly large yield per acre, and a greater proportion of saccharine matter than usual. The prospects now are good for the production of the largest crop of sugar that has been made in Louisiana since 1861.

CHARLESTON, October 22.—The Blue Ridge railroad, including thirty-three miles, has been finished, and the road is in running order in South Carolina, and the property and franchises of the company, in South Carolina, were sold to-day in bankruptcy and bought by ex-Governor Scott for $55.000, in the interest of the first mortgage bondholders.

NEW YORK, October 22.—The Convention this afternoon refused to confirm the election of Seymour as Bishop.

DENVER, COLORADO, October 22.—An official canvass of the vote for delegates gives Patterson (Democrat) 2,163 majority.

A military company recently formed in Vicksburg is composed of both Union and Confederate soldiers. A company in Raleigh, N. C., is similarly made up.

MARKETS.

We beg to call the attention of our farmer friends to our weekly reports of the Markets for all our staples. They are derived from the most trustworthy sources, corrected up to the latest advices, and may be regarded as strictly reliable. They are carefully changed for each issue. This feature should give the Recorder a value to our friends that ought to make the paper an object. We hope our labors in this respect will be properly appreciated.

DANVILLE, Va., Oct. 26th.

Reported by S. H. Holland & Co.; Receipts light and market very active.

Lugs, Very common	3.00 to 6.00
" Good "	8.00 to 10.00
" common bright,	15.00 to 20.00
"fancy"Smokers,	20.00 to 30.00
Leaf, common red	12.00 to 15.00
" good	15.00 to 18.00
Wrappers, Medium	40.00 to 50.00
" Fine.	50.00 to 60.00
" " Extra	80.00 to 120.00

DURHAM Oct. 26th.

LUGS.—Dark,	9 to 11
Red,	11 to 14
Bright.—Com.	12 to 15
Medium,	10 to 20
Good,	20 to 25
Fine,	25 to 30
Fancy,	25 to 40
Led Leaf.—Com. dark,	10 to 12
Good,	12 to 16
Fine,	16 to 24
Bright Wrap.—Com.	20 to 25
Medium,	25 to 35
Fine,	35 to 70
Extra,	70 to 80
Super Extra,	80 to 100

COTTON.—Raleigh Oct. 24.—Receipts on Friday 400 bales. Market continues dull and drooping. Low Middlings closed dull at 13½c., though a few bales sold early in the morning at 13¾. It is feared the tendency is still downward.

Wilmington, 23rd. Cotton quiet. Middlings 14¼.

Norfolk, 23rd. Cotton weak. Middlings 14¾.

FLOUR.—Raleigh, Oct. 23rd. North Carolina $7,25@7.50. Corresponding grades quoted in Richmond at $5,50 to 6,25.

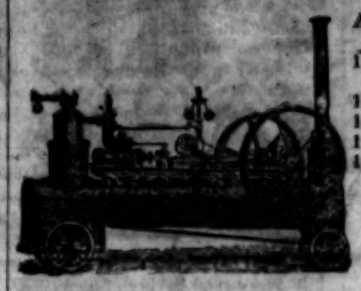
Wheat.—Richmond 23rd White 1,10 to 1,35. Red 1.10 to 1.30.

LEMUEL LYNCH,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.
HILLSBORO, N. C.

PARTICULAR attention paid to all work in his line. Repairing of Fine Watches a specialty. Just received from the North an assortment of JEWELRY, consisting in part of *Watches, Rings, Spectacles, Chains &c.*.
Watches ranging in price from $4, up. Spectacles from 25 cents up to $2.50.
All of which I will sell low *for CASH.* Give me a call. Oct. 26 '74, 3 m

T. J. WILSON, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE and Residence, opposite Mrs. Ruffin's. Where he can always be found except when absent Professionally.
Jan. 13 '74 1y.

FOR SALE.



A new 60 Saw Gin, (upon *trial* to a responsible party.)
1 new 40 Horse Power Return Tubular Boiler (2nd Hand.)
1 new 10 horse power return tubular Boiler.
1 new 15 horse power Stationary Engine.
1 new 4 " " " "
1 new 8 " " Portable "
suitable for Ginning Cotton &c. &c.
Circular Saws,
LEATHER AND GUM BELTING.
STEAM PUMPS, &c. &c.
Send for Circular,
RAHM & HUNTER,
MACHINISTS,
RICHMOND, VA.
Sept. 9 3m.

R. F. JONES & CO.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers, Cotton Factors
AND
General Commission Merchants,
Wilmington St. Opposite Market House.
RALEIGH, N. C.
The highest prices paid for
COUNTRY PRODUCE.
COTTON bought, sold and stored.
Sept. 16 3m.

W. Alex. Bass & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
FOR THE SALE OF
Tobacco,
Dried Fruits, Pea Nuts, Sumac, Beeswax,
And all other Southern Products,
No. 175 CHAMBERS ST.,
W. ALEX. BASS, NEW YORK.
RICHMOND, VA.
CASH Advances on Consignments, and Check for balances as soon as Goods are sold.
Sept. 16 1874 6m.

D. S. WAITT.
DEALER IN
Ready Made Clothing
FOR
MEN, YOUTHS AND BOYS.
Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps.
The latest Styles and as low as they can be bought in the city.
DOMESTIC and Fancy DRY GOODS,
Cheap FOR Cash.
LADIES' Trimmed HATS
AND RIBBONS.
Pretty and remarkably CHEAP.
Manhattan White Dress Shirts.
Acknowledged by all to be the best fitting and most comfortable wearing shirt made.
ALSO A FULL LINE OF
Notions, Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Traveling Bags &c. &c.
I HAVE a large STOCK and in a few days will have a complete
FALL AND WINTER STOCK,
give me a call and if selling Goods for a
SMALL PROFIT
is what you want I am convinced I can suit you.
D. S. WAITT,
54 Fayetteville St.
sept. 2 1y. Raleigh, N. C.

K. P BATTLE. F. H. CAMERON.
President. Vice President.
W. H. HICKS, Sec'y.

NORTH CAROLINA
STATE LIFE INSURANCE
COMPANY.
RALEIGH, N. C.
CAPITAL. $200,000
At end of First Fiscal Year had issued over 500 Policies without sustaining a single loss.
Prudent, economical and energetic management has made it.
A SUCCESSFUL CORPORATION.
This Company issues every desirable form of Policies at as low rates as any other First Class Company.
Imposes no useless restriction upon residence or travel.
Has a fixed paid up value on all policies after two annual payments.
Its entire assets are loaned and invested
AT HOME,
to foster and encourage home enterprises.
Thirty days grace allowed in payment of premiums.
With these facts before them will the people of North Carolina continue to pay annually thousands upon thousands of dollars to build up Foreign Companies, when they can secure insurance in a Company equally reliable and every dollar's premium they pay be loaned and invested in our own State, and among our own people?
Apply to
A. W. GRAHAM, Agt. Hillsboro.
E. A. LONDON Jr.
Gen'l. District Agent.
CAPT. JOHN TAYLOR, Pittsboro.
Gen'l. Agt. Leasburg.
Sept. 23 1y.

FALL 1874.
M. MILLHISER & CO.
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.
WE have now in store and arriving the largest and most complete Stock of
Dry Goods and Notions
ever offered in this market.
We are prepared to supply every demand of the trade. M. MILLHISER & CO.
sept 9 to jt '75. 1309 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA.

Drugs, Medicines &c.
Purcell, Ladd & Co.
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
RICHMOND, VA.
DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, Paints and Oils
of every description
WINDOW GLASS of all sizes, &c. &c.
Our stock is very large and complete, embracing every article in our line of business. Our long experience has made us familiar with the wants of the trade, and we confidently invite an examination of our goods and prices.
We sell very LOW for CASH, or to Punctual customers.
Prompt and faithful attention given to orders.
PURCELL, LADD & Co.,
1216 Main street,
sep. 9 3m RICHMOND, Va.

A. L. ELLETT, CLAY DREWRY,
A Jessee Watkins, Formerly.
Late Ellett & Watkins. Ellett & Drewry.
STEPHEN B HUGHES,
Formerly.
Hughes, Caldwell & Co.
A. L. ELLETT & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
No. 1211 MAIN STREET.
RICHMOND, VA.
Orders promptly executed. sep 9 3m.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,
12th, Opposite Bank St. & Capitol Square,
Richmond, Va.
T. W. Hoenniger,
PROPRIETOR.
A new and first class Hotel, furnished in 1874 equal to any in the United States. The Proprietor assures comfort to the traveling public.
Mr. John P. Ballard, will be glad to see his old friends and patrons. sept 9 1y.

JEWELLERS.
John H. Tyler & Co,
Successors to
MITCHEL AND TYLER.
1197 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.
HAVE constantly on hand and are in daily receipt of New Goods, both in *Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Plated Ware, Spectacles, Fancy, Military and Masonic Goods.*
Watch repairing, including adjusting all fully executed. Orders per mail promptly attended to and satisfaction in all cases guaranteed. Sept. 9 6m.

FALL 1874.
M. S. Valentine and Co.
1233 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.
ARE now in receipt of their FALL STOCK of
Fancy, Goods, Notions,
HOSIERY &c.
PRICES GUARANTEED.—A call and order is solicited. Sept 9 3m.

JAMES W. GIBSON,
Successor to KELLOGG & GIBSON.
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
China, Glass, Queensware
AND
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,
No. 1207 Main Street,
sept. 9 3m RICHMOND, VA.

C. W. THORN.
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Hats, Caps, Straw Goods
AND
LADIES' TLIMMED HATS.
1306 Main Street,
RICHMOND, VA.
Goods especially adapted to the trade of Virginia, West Virginia and North Carolina.
Sept 9 3m.

The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....OCT. 28, 1874.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the RECORDER for 1874.

Per 1 year. $2·00.

" 6 months. 1.00.

Payments always in advance.

Job printing done neatly cheaply and promptly.

See fourth page both for Ads and interesting reading matter.

That is a most beautiful walnut set of furniture at COOLEY'S. GO AND SEE IT.

See new Advertisement of Lemuel Lynch, calling attention to his stock of Jewelry &c.

Hon. W. A. Graham returned home on Saturday evening after an absence of about three weeks.

Brown is going on rapidly with his new building. Hillsboro is not finished yet.

J. R. Gattis has renewed his lease of Webb's Warehouse. He hopes to do a large business in tobacco sales.

Public Meeting.

A meeting of the citizens of Orange County is hereby called to assemble at the Court House in Hillsboro at 12 o'clock M. on Tuesday of Court week, to take into consideration the question of calling a Convention of the people of North Carolina under the powers given and defined in the present Constitution of the State, to revise and alter the Constitution so as to conform to the wants and wishes of the people.

MANY CITIZENS.

Assault in the Dark.

On Thursday night of Fair week, as Mr. Christopher Jordan, who had just returned from Raleigh was on his way to his father's on foot, he was suddenly waylaid, and seized by the throat by some unknown man who sprung out of the bushes near the race track. The assault and seizure was accompanied with language which indicated that the assailant had some grudge to satisfy, and that robbery was not the object. Mr. Jordan spoke, and threatened to shoot, whereupon, the man released him and ran, Mr. Jordan firing as he fled. Upon the report of the pistol, the fugitive made a great outcry as if he was struck, but farther than that, Mr Jordan does not know whether the shot took effect or not. The night was very dark, and it is not known whether the assailant was white or black.

Premiums at the Fair.

We copy from the News such information as relates to Orange and the counties around us as far as the awards have been published:

DEPARTMENT A.

James Norwood, Hillsboro best bale clover hay $20. J. Y. Whitted do best box chewing tobacco, diploma. Webb & Roulhac, Durham best sample smoking tobacco, diploma.

DEPARTMENT B.

Jas F. Cain, Hillsboro, best brood mare, Club Foot, $25; Julian Turner, Hillsboro best colt. Fanny Fisher, $10. J. F. Cain, best colt one year old $5. John U. Hart, best brood mare over four years old $20; do best brood mare and colt $25. Jas Norwood, best saddle gelding, $10. W. J. Morrow, Oaks, best brood mare and colt, heavy draft, $20. W. A. Clark, Hillsboro, best stallion over two, and under 4 years, $15. J. B. McMurray, Graham, best farm horse, $10

Best N. C. raised horses for all work. Thos. D. Oldham, Oaks, best stallion over 4 years, $20. Jas Norwood, best brood mare with colt, $20. T. H. Fowler, Mebanesville, best colt under 1 year. $10.

DEPARTMENT C.

Devons. D. W. Kerr Haw River, best bull over 3 years, $20. Thomas Turner, best heifer 14 months old $5.

Sheep-Southdowns. James Norwood, best pen $15. Cotswolds, Jas Norwood, best pen $15. do, best pen Grades, $15. do, best buck 1 year old, sweepstakes, $10. Fat mutton, do, best lot, 10 do, largest and most meritorious exhibited of sheep by the owner (25 head) diplomas and $20. Dogs; C. L. Dennison, best shepherd dog $10.

The Sale at Parish's Warehouse.

The sale at Parish's warehouse at Durhams on Thursday last for the benefit of the Orphan Asylum netted the sum of $40.67 which was at once paid over to Mr. W. A. Thompson. There was no old tobacco sold, the offerings being altogether of the new crop, and therefore the sales were comparatively small. Mr. Parish, is entitled nevertheless to all the merit of his generous contribution, which earlier or later in the season would have been much more liberal and as freely bestowed.

Fairs.

The State Fair of Virginia opens at Richmond on the 27th inst (Tuesday of this week.

The Salisbury Fair opened this week and will continue until Saturday.

The Border Fair opens at Danville on the 4th of November.

Rev. P. H. Dalton, will hold a communion at New Hope Church next Sabbath, preaching to commence on Friday at 11 o'clock. Will have the assistance the two first days of Rev. Mr. Penick of Mebanesville.

Superior Court next Monday.

Superior Court.

We attended the sittings of this Court at Hillsboro on Tuesday last, reaching there too late to witness the organization of the Court, and therefore too late to hear the charge of his Honor, Judge Kerr, of which all spoke in the warmest terms of commendation. One reform has been inaugurated under the new regime, which is, the punctual presence of the Judge and Solicitor on the day fixed for the opening of the term. Suitors, witnesses, jurors and others are thereby assured of the prompt despatch of business, and are saved all of that uncertainty and vexation which formerly attached to a tribunal opened at the pleasure of the presiding Judge.

Judge Kerr, in Person as elsewhere, won golden opinions, by his legal learning, his strict impartiality, his patience and his uniform courtesy, and commanded respect by his exaction of deference to the dignity of the tribunal from the attendants upon the Court.

Mr. Strudwick, as Solicitor, has also confirmed the favorable impressions already made in the preceding Courts of the Circuit. His unflagging industry has already brought him up to the ready transaction of his new duties, and he shows nothing of the inexperience of the novice.

He is always ready with his cases, and shows a ready familiarity with the criminal law and practice which makes him already the peer of any solicitor in the State. His powers as an advocate are great, and in the only important case in which we heard him speak, his name both in argument and eloquence was at once established in Person County.

The whole of Tuesday was occupied in the trial of Robt. Barnett, white, for rape upon the person of Julia Barnett, a colored girl of 13 years of age. The prisoner, a man 35 years of age, and extensively connected in the County of Person, was defended by Messrs A. W. Tourgee, C. S. Winstead, and S. C. Barnett. The case for the prosecution rested mainly upon the testimony of the injured party, corroborated by the evidence of an old negro woman, Milly Barnett, with whom the injured party lived.

The facts were clearly proved, and the credibility of the witnesses not impeached, and the defence was rested solely upon the ground of the want of moral responsibility on the part of the prisoner. It was clearly proved by Drs. Jordan and Fuller that Barnett from early childhood had been more or less insane; that his insanity had always manifested itself in venery and religious mania; that insanity was hereditary, and that the prisoner could therefore hardly be held legally responsible for his acts.

Ex-Judge Tourgee made a most able and ingenious defence which won for him high commendation as an advocate. The charge of Judge Kerr was very able and learned, and instructing the Jury, that if they found, that at the time of committing the crime, the prisoner had exhibited a consciousness of the consequences of his offence, that he knew the distinctions between right and wrong, it did not relieve him from the consequences of moral depravity. The Jury must bring in a verdict of Guilty.

The Jury retired, and after a consultation of about an hour, returned with a verdict of "Not Guilty on account of insanity."

The next morning a motion was made to confine the prisoner in the Insane Asylum at Raleigh, which motion was under advisement when we left.

The criminal docket was filled with cases, mostly offences against morality. A number of indictments against N. N. Tuck, late Clerk of the Court for non-feasance of office, were sent in to the Grand Jury.

We were pleased to see so many people at the Court House, and to become acquainted with a race so remarkable for their energies, and general success in business as that of Person County. We had no reason to complain of our success among them. This has been a hard year in the county, owing to failure in the tobacco and grain crops, yet we had the good fortune to meet with several gentlemen who had escaped the general calamity, and whose crops of tobacco promised to redeem, with them, much of past misfortune.

The following gentlemen, members of the bar, were present at the Term: Messrs H. T. Jordan, M. McGehee, J. J. Lansdale, C. S. Winstead, S. C. Barnett, and H. L. Bumpass of Person, John W. Graham of Orange, A. W. Tourgee of Guilford, E. B. Withers, and Geo. N. Thompson of Caswell, and A. H. Henderson of Granville.

Pace Bro's &co.

The Danville Times says that this extensive and liberal establishment have signified their intention to give a special sale on the second day of December, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the Orphan Asylum at Oxford, and the Masonic Widows and Orphans at Richmond.

Parks calls on you again. See his new Ad.

Weather beautiful, and the farmers all alive with their seeding of wheat.

☞ Try to build up Hillsboro don't send off for goods when you can buy them cheaper at Home. We have a few in the town that never buy any thing at home if they can get it any where else.

A continuation of the Premiums, awarded at the State Fair, will be given next week.

To Our Subscribers.

Owing to the hardness of the times, and the admitted difficulty of getting hold of money, we have departed in a good number of instances from the rule originally laid down, to adhere strictly to payment in advance. We have had no reason to complain, as a general thing, for our reasons have been recognized, and good faith has generally been observed.

There are however a considerable number in arrears. To such, we ask that they will remit to us without delay. To those living in the county, the approaching term of the Court will be a good opportunity to make payments in person.

And we hope the Court Week will also add largely to our subscription list. The gratifying position the Recorder has earned throughout the State encourages us to appeal to our own people to give it a more cordial and substantial endorsement at home than it has hitherto had. The Recorder reflects no discredit upon Orange County, and Orange County should come forward to set its seal of approbation upon the paper which has been its organ for fifty-five years, and which it should not suffer to languish through a precarious existence in the fullness of its maturity.

Something to think About.

It has become the habit among people abroad, and we are sorry to add, among too many of our towns-people to regard Hillsboro, as finished, and laid by—nothing more to do, but to drone away life and bemoan an inactivity which is, after all, of our own making.

Perhaps we are more sanguine than others, but we have never become reconciled either to the verdict of outsiders, or the tame acquiescence of our own citizens in the opinion of others. We see so much in the position of Hillsboro to invite to hope and cheer to a brighter future, that we are by no means disposed to give up the attempt to rouse its people to an appreciation of the advantages they possess, and to which so many of them are blind.

There is even now, slumbering as most of them are, much in the activity of those that are awake and alive, to encourage to a general effort. Several houses are going up, and there is a prospect of more building next spring. The business of the place during the past summer and fall has been larger and more satisfactory than for years. The merchants have no reason to complain. Parks we are satisfied, has sold more goods than any house between Raleigh and Danville. We do not believe Webb is behind him. Brown has had a good share of the trade, and all others have done well. The tobacco factories are prospering, and the other trades have done well. Our schools are remarkably flourishing, and attracting the eyes of the State towards Hillsboro.

And it is in connection with these schools that we are incited to speak. The very high character they have attained, and the solid foundation upon which they are laid, give assured promise of enduring stability. For many years to come this will be, as it was in years gone by, an educational point.

But one source of the success of these schools is obstructed by one want. Many parents desire to be near their children during the progress of education. Parental affection and solicitude make separation painful and harassed with doubt and anxiety. Now this class are excluded from patronage to these schools by the impossibility of procuring suitable houses here.

Time and again we are asked if a house could be rented or bought here for the above purpose, and we are compelled to reply that the range of choice is very narrow. Now, cannot some of our capitalists proceed to the erection of at least half a dozen neat, cottage buildings, suitable to small families, and at reasonable rents? We are satisfied they would all be occupied at once. This would add to our population, enliven our society, add to our resources, stimulate our industries, perhaps originate new enterprises, and eventually develop Hillsboro into what nature intended her to be, and which has only been frustrated by the indolence or indifference of her own citizens.

Married

In Greensboro on the 20th inst. by the Rev. Dr. Smith, MAJ. P. F. DUFFY, Editor of the Greensboro Patriot, and MISS LOTTIE, daughter of the late Rev. John A. Gretter.

Died

At his residence in the county of Person on the morning of the 17th inst of paralysis, Mr. James Holman Sr. aged about 74 years.

Few men have passed away who leave a gap in his county more difficult to be filled. Active in habit and energetic in business, his qualities of mind and character eminently fitted him for the many public duties with which he was entrusted. His unbending integrity drew to him the confidence of the people; while the clearness of his mind, and the strength of his memory, filled him with a store of information which enabled him to sustain and adorn the stations to which he was called. In the vigor of his days when he was called upon to bear the burden of public affairs, his popularity was unbounded, and in a county, Democratic by many hundred majority, he was triumphantly and overwhelmingly elected as a Whig. He was first elected to the House of Commons in 1846 and again in 1852, and in 1862 was elected to the Senate.

In every relation of life he possessed, unabated, the respect and confidence of the people, living without a stain upon his name, and dying in the fullness of time lamented by all who knew him.

LOOK

FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER!

MR. DAVID C. PARKS is now in New York buying for us a

SECOND STOCK

OF

Winter Goods

Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Calicoes, &c.

We are looking for ONE HUNDRED Pieces NEW STYLE Winter Calicoes at 10c. for Best Grades.

We are opening to-day a New Stock of Ladies Hats, Bonnets, Plumes and Ribbons.

We have all the New Patterns of Hats, Frames, Velvetteens &c.

C. M. Parks,

Oct. 20 tf. BRICK STORE.

The Secret.

THE SECRET.

Jesse Cole has certainly learned the SECRET of buying and selling GOODS CHEAP. One great part of the Secret is, his expenses are smaller than most, any other man; and there are many other reasons he don't want to tell, because "happy is the man that keeps his own counsel."

Men who knows, say, go to

COLE'S

to buy GOODS RIGHT. He gives Special attention to the

SHOE TRADE;

prices reduced LOWER than ever. Jesse started to New York the 14th to replenish his

STOCK.

Goods are low. Come and see after he gets back.

PRODUCE Shipped free of charge for customers.

Good BARTER taken at value.

You can save money by going to

COLE'S.

Oct 21 3m.

THE SECRET.

Second Arrival

OF

NEW FALL

GOODS.

CONSISTING in part of

125 Pieces New Style Prints, from 8 to 10c.

5,000 yards yard wide Shirting, 8½ to 12½c.

80 Sacks Salt.

10 Hhds. Molasses.

STRIPED AND PLAIN SHAWLS.

Sugars, Coffee, Tanners & Painters Oil, &c. &c.

All of which will be sold CHEAP. Will make weekly addition to my Stock during the Fall.

James Webb, Jr.

Oct. 20 1m.

NEW CROP.

FIGS, COOKING PRUNES, Currants Citrons Raisins,

English Walnuts, Cranberries, Almonds, Pecan and Brazil Nuts.

CHAS. D. MYERS & Co.

MALAGA GRAPES.

CHAS. D. MYERS & CO., 5 and 7 North Front St

PIPER HEIDSECK.

EXTRA CREAM and BLOCK CHEESE.

CHAS. D. MYERS & CO.

oct 20 7 North Front Street.

A Change of Schedule.

HAVING purchased the interest of SNEAD & CO., in the

STOCK OF GOODS

At Latimer's old stand in Hillsboro, I beg leave to inform my friends and the public generally, that I will continue the

Mercantile Business

at the same place, and by strict attention to business, and FAIR DEALING hope to share a portion of public patronage. Having purchased at a REDUCED PRICE, I will sell at greatly reduced prices for CASH.

I will in a few days replenish the STOCK with

NEW AND STAPLE GOODS

And endeavor to keep on hand a line of GOODS suitable to the trade.

I intend that

MY PRICES

shall compare with any house in the place, and will endeavor to make it to the interest of my friends and customers to trade with me.

I shall confine myself strictly to the

Cash System,

Though

GOOD BARTER

AT

CASH PRICES

Will be taken in exchange for Goods.

Come and try me, I will do you right.

J. M. BLACKWOOD.

P. S. Those having accounts with the firm of Snead & Co., are requested to call and settle without delay. J. M. BLACKWOOD, Agent.

Oct. 7 tf.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

COR. MAIN AND CHURCH STS.,

NORFOLK, VA.

HOLT & BRO., Prop's.

Board, per day, $2,50.

"SHORT SETTLEMENTS MAKE LONG FRIENDS."

I HAVE on my BOOKS since 1861, many open accounts. Under present circumstances, it would be a great help to receive what is due me. You know if you are in debt to me. PLEASE CALL AND SETTLE.

Am receiving.

NEW GOODS

Daily, and expect a continuation of the very liberal patronage extended. Now is the time to HELP ONE who has always HELPED those in NEED.

HENRY N. BROWN.

sept. 16 1874.

R. P. WILLIAMSON, W. H. UPCHURCH, J. J. THOMAS

Williamson, Upchurch & Thomas,

53 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WHOLESALE

Grocers, Cotton Factors AND General Commission Merchants.

WE are now receiving

200 Rolls heavy Cotton Bagging,

50 Bales Gunny Bagging,

2000 Yards Dundee Cotton Bagging,

1200 Bundles Cotton Ties,

1000 Pounds Bagging Twine.

And a general Stock of heavy

Groceries.

☞ We sell Cotton for Fifty cents per Bale Commission.

REFER TO

W. F. Stroud, Chapel Hill.

J. W. Cheek, Durham.

Sept. 16th 6m.

Oak City Mills,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WANTED for these Mills.

10,000 Bushels White Corn.

1,000 " Rye,

1,000 " Oats.

WILLIAMSON UPCHURCH & THOMAS.

sept 16 6m. Agents for Oak City Mills.

THEODORICK A. WILLIAMS. JOHN R. WILLIAMS. W. C. DICKSON.

T. A. WILLIAMS & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND

Commission Merchants,

Nos. 2 and 4 Roanoke Square, over Roanoke Dock.

aug. 26 1y. NORFOLK, VA.

BUY YOUR DRY GOODS FROM

PETER SMITH,

The Leader of Low Prices,

IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS.

NO. 156 Main Street,

march 11 12m. NORFOLK, Va.

W. J. BAKER, J. B. NEAL, W. B. SHEPARD,

Baker, Neal & Shepard,

COTTON FACTORS AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, VA.

Agents for PATAPSCO GUANO.

Aug. 26.

State of North-Carolina,

Superior Court—ORANGE COUNTY.

Chaney Caldwell and the Children of Wilson Caldwell by his present wife by Wilson Caldwell their next friend.

against.

William J. Watson, Jesse W. Henderson and Mary V. Henderson.

Summons for Relief.

THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA:

To the Sheriff of Orange County greeting:

YOU are hereby commanded to summons William J. Watson, Jesse M. Henderson and Mary V. Henderson the Defendants above named, if they be found within your county, to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court, at a Court to be held for the County of Orange at the Court House in Hillsboro on the 8th Monday after the 1st Monday of September 1874 and answer the Complaint which is deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court for said County, and let said Defendants take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that Term, the Plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the Complaint.

Hereof fail not, and of this Summons make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, this the 21st day of September, 1874.

GEORGE LAWS,

Clerk of Superior Court

sept 23 6w p ad. $10· for Orange County.

INSURE YOUR

LIVES AND PROPERTY!

THE undersigned is Agent for the SECURITY AND ANNUITY LIFE Insurance Company of New York: also for FOUR of the very BEST Fire Cos. South.

Take a Life Policy for the benefit of the helpless ones to be left behind you. If you have no dependant ones, take a policy for your own benefit in after life when you possibly may need it, instead of throwing yourself on the cold charity of so called friends.

Insure your Dwellings, Barns, Store Houses, Mills, and all other property against loss by Fire. It may be the product of the labor of your past life or your all may be invested in it.

When not Travelling, he will be found at his office at Hillsboro, N. C., where he will be pleased to hear from all persons wishing insurance on LIFE OR PROPERTY.

J. D. WILSON.

Oct. 7 1874 4m.

☞ THE LAST REDUCTION OF THE SEASON.

No further changes in prices will be made, so delay not, but make your purchases at once.

Japanese Poplins at 12½, 15, 18¾, 20, 25, and 30c—all just about half their value;

Black Ground Colored-Striped Grenadines at 10c per yard worth 20c;

Black Ground Grenadines with colored silk stripes at 12½c. per yard, would be cheap at 20c.

Side-band Grass-cloth Suitings at 20c per yard worth 30c.

Striped Chinese Grass-cloth at 15c worth 30c per yard;

Lawns at 12½c per yard worth 25c;

Striped Silk at 35, 50c. and $1 per yard—all bargains;

Black Silks from $1 to $4.50 per yard;

Linen Bands for Dresses at 10c worth 35c. per yard;

Black Grenadines from 50c. to $1.25 per yard.

Colored Iron Grenadines, all wool, at 50c. worth 75c per yard;

Lancaster and Pacific Printed Cambricks at 12½ cents per yard;

The best Printed Percales at 20c. per yard;

Fast-colored Lawns at 12½c per yard;

The latest style Side Band Lawns and Colicoes;

Pillow case Cotton, 42 inches wide, at 15c. per yard;

Pillow-case Cotton, 40 inches wide, at 12½c worth 20c;

Full-Width Unbleached Sheeting at 28c. per yard worth 35;

Full-Width Bleached Sheeting at 33c. per yard, worth 40c;

Full-Width Bleached Linen Sheeting at 85c. per yard, worth $1;

Pillow-case Linen, 1¼ yards wide, at 60c. worth 75c. per yard;

English Cheviot Shirting at 20c. per yard, worth 35c;

Domestic Ginghams at 10c. 12½c. 15c. and 18¾c per yard;

Bed Tick from 10 to 35c. per yard;

Linen Drilling and Duck from 16¾c. to 50c per yard;

Ladies' Ready-Made Suits from $3 to $25;

Ready-Made Chemises, Night Gowns, Dressing Sacques, Corset Covers, and Aprons, at astonishingly low prices;

Infants' Embroidered Robes from $3 to $10;

Buckaback Towels from $1.50 to $12 per dozen;

Towelling from 10c to 25c. per yard;

Table-Cloths and Table Damask in all qualities at prices to suit all;

All Wool Table Covers at $1 worth $1 50;

Piano-Covers in great variety—all at popular prices;

Linen Doylies at 4oc. 60c 75c and $1, $1.25, and $1.50.

Autograph Fans at 10c. worth 25.

Lace Shawls, Lace Sacques, and Shetland Shawls in great variety;

A full assortment of MOURNING GOODS;

Matting in all widths and qualities;

Oil-cloths, Rugs, Mats, and Window Shades;

Violet Lavender and Cologne water. Also Handkerchief Extracts & Soaps in great variety;

Sewing Machine Needles at 40. and 50c. for a paper of ten needles;

The best Sewing Machine Oil at 12c. per bottle;

Clark's and Coat's Spool-cotton at 70c. per doz. or 6c. per spool;

Sewing Machine Attachments, $1 per box;

Toof's improved Rufflers, $2, regular price $3;

Goodrick Tuck Markers, $2, regular price $3.50;

Cotton Yarns, all Nos. from 4 to 12, at $1,40 per bunch of five pounds;

Unbleached Knitting Cotton, three, four and five stands at 45c per pound;

Pique Trimmings at 25 and 50c apiece worth double that money;

Cotton Trimming Edgings at 15, 25, 35, 40 and 50c for a piece of 12 yards worth 5 to 10c. per yard;

Printed Frilled Collars and cuffs at 15c for the set worth 50c;

Ladies' Linen Collars at $1 per dozen worth $2;

Initial Note Paper, at 15, 20 and 25c per box, worth 25, 30 and 40c;

Laces and Embroideries, in great variety, at low prices;

Every description of

Cambrics, Muslins, Lawns, Nainsooks, Brilliantes, and Long Cloths,

at very low prices;

3500 SHIRT BOSOMS, slightly stained, at 20c.; worth 50c;

Ruffles, Ruffs, Collars, Sleeves and Cuffs in great variety;

Dress Trimmings of every description;

Jet Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Bracelets, Necklace, Sleeve and Collar Buttons,

And thousands of other articles, all to be sold at exceedingly low prices for cash only.

Particular attention paid to orders. Goods sent by express C. O. D., or upon receipt of cash or its equivalent. As ours is strictly a one price institution, those who favor us with their patronage may rely upon getting their goods at the lowest prices.

LEVY BROTHERS',

1017 and 1019 Main street,

July 29 RICHMOND, VA.

MEDICAL CARD.

GEORGE W. LONG, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon!

sept. 23. GRAHAM, N. C.

North Carolina, } Superior Court.

ORANGE COUNTY. }

Henry S. Markham and others—Plaintiffs against.

William H Markham, George D Markham, Isaiah M Markham, John Markham, Martin L. Markham and Charles Markham—Defendants.

Heirs of George Markham.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendants above named heirs of George Markham deceased are non-residents of the State of N. C: It is therefore ordered that publication be made in the Hillsboro Recorder a newspaper published in the town of Hillsboro, N. C. for six successive weeks notifying the said Defendants, of the filing of this petition and that unless they appear, plead answer, or demur to the complaint which is filed in the Clerks office within that time the Plaintiffs will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Witness George Laws, Clerk Superior Court Orange County at Office in Hillsboro, this 14th day of October A. D., 1874.

GEORGE LAWS, Clerk

Oct. 14th 6w. Superior Court.

Administrator's Notice.

THE undersigned having qualified as Administrator of STEPHEN T. FORREST, Sr. dec'd. hereby gives notice, to all persons indebted to the estate to make immediate payment. Claims against the estate must be duly authenticated and presented within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

☞ Special Notice to Creditors and Debtors of the estate. You are requested to meet me in Hillsboro, the 2nd Saturday in October 1874.

STEPHEN T. FORREST.

sep. 23 4t. Adm'r.

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY.....OCT. 28. 1874.

THE RECORDER.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY

J. D. CAMERON.

At $2 00 per annum, or $1 00 for six months—invariably in advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

ADVERTISEMENTS conspicuously inserted at $1 a square for the first insertion and 50 cents a square for each additional week. Ten lines or less make a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:

1 square 3 months $5—6 months $7—12 months $10
2 " 3 " $10—6 " $18—12 " $25
3 " 3 " $15—6 " $23—12 " $30
Half column 3 months $20—6 mo. $30—12 mo. $45
column 3 months $35—6 mo. $50—12 mo. $100

AN INTERESTING CASE.

Yesterday three cases—Jennings Smith & Co; vs. Smith James, same vs Jesse Burch, and same vs. C. C. Burch—were tried in the County Court, Judge Claiborne Snead presiding. In each case the plaintiff sued for the value of guano sold to the defendants and for which they refused to pay, on the ground that it was worthless and tended rather to injure than improve their crops. One of the injuries alleged was rust.

F. T. Lockhart, Esq., represented the plaintiffs and Jas. C. C. Black, Esq. the defendants.

Among the witnesses examined was Col. A. W. Rains, who had analyzed the guano. His statement contains many points of interest to the planting community. He said one great trouble with the planters, as a general rule, was that they did not understand what their lands needed in the way of fertilizers, and therefore treated them improperly. Some lands needed the presence of a large per centum of ammonia and others of phosphoric acid. These two were the prime requisites in a good fertilizer, but it was essential to know which was needed most on certain kinds of lands. Too much ammonia would make a large and luxuriant plant and but little fruit, while too much phosphoric acid would make a dwarf plant and an excessive yield of fruit. The two in proper proportions were necessary to effect the happy medium. When an insufficient quantity of concentrated fertilizers are used, and the soil in its ordinary state contains but little to assist vegetation, the plant may grow up finely, and up to a certain period be strong and healthy, but when the time arrives when all the soluble constituents of the fertilizers have become absorbed or exhausted, the plant suddenly ceases to grow because it has no more of its necessary food supply. All of its bolls are opened at an early period because no new ones were formed, and the surplus squares cast off from an inability to perfect their development. In such cases had compost been used with the fertilizer the plan would have continued its growth. Fertilizers are valuable in proportion to the amount of ammonia and bone earth. Either can be used alone but by far the largest yield is by combining the two together. Rust, he said is a diseased state of the plant which has its juices partly absorbed and the remainder greatly vitiated by an extremely minute vegetable parasite; in the case of cotton, it not only attacks the outer parts of the plant, but becomes absorbed in the pores of the roots, and thus finds its way even into the interior of the cotton fibre itself—The diseased condition of the plant may spring from too small a quantity of fertilizer having been used, or from too much or too little rain. Where fertilizers are used the roots of the plant push along the row, and when the fertilizer fail the nutriment of the plant is gone. Of all the fertilizers, ammonia and its equivalent nitrogenous compound are in general the most valuable; not a tissue of the plant can be formed without the presence of nitrogen. A healthy plant can only come from a healthy seed or parent; it derives its nutriment in its early growth from the juices of the seed which are secreted or formed from the solid parts of the grain, the young vegetable being yet too undeveloped to obtain its food from the earth and air. The average of ammonia should be about three and a half per cent.—*Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel.*

Here is an Irish gentleman's letter to his son in college: 'My dear son—I write to send you two pair of my old breeches, that you may have a new coat made out of them; also some socks which your mother has just knit by cutting down some of mine. Your mother sends you two pounds without my knowledge, and for fear you may not use it wisely I have kept back half and only send you one. Your mother and I are well, except that your sister has got the measles which we think would have spread among the other girls if Tom had not had it before, and he is the only one left. I hope you will do honor to my teachings; if not you are an ass, and your mother and myself your affectionate parents.'

This is a strange story, not to be used in Sunday-school. An Albany man out of work and nearly starving, turned for comfort in his extremity to his sainted mother's Bible, for the first time since her death in 1867. To his surprise and delight he found a ten dollar bill between the leaves and immediately fell on his knees for the first time since 1840. With a light heart and glittering eye he prayerfully started for the baker's to obtain a loaf of bread. There he found that the bill was a counterfeit, when he swore bitterly for the first time in three hours.

There are some things that not even Beho can answer.

FREE TO BOOK AGENTS

AN ELEGANTLY BOUND CANVASSING BOOK for the best and cheapest Family Bible ever published, will be sent free of charge to any book agent. It contains OVER 700 fine scripture illustrations, and agents are meeting with unprecedented success. Address, stating experience, ect., and we will show you what our agents are doing. NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St. Louis, Mo.

THE MASON AND HAMLIN ORGAN CO.

Winners of *Three Highest Medals* and DIPLOMA of HONOR, at Vienna, 1873, and Paris, 1867 only ones that EXHIBIT at both. The FINEST ASSORTMENT of the Best Cabinet ORGANS in the *WORLD*, including new styles with recent improvements, not obtainable elsewhere, are offered, for CASH or CREDIT, or RENTED, with Privilege of Purchase, to almost any part of the country. First payment $100 or upwards. Illustrated Catalogues and circulars, with full particulars, sent free on request. Address

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO,
Boston, New York or Chicago.

VICTOR
SEWING MACHINE
TRIUMPHANT!

The best in the world.
Will last more than a life time.
It has two cogs or springs.
Light-running and noiseless.
Prices reduced to $45 and $50.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
Address
Rev. C. H. BERNHEIM,
Concord, N. C.

84 PER CENT. GUARANTEED WITH N. F. BURNHAM'S 1874 TURBINE WATER WHEEL. The best in the Market, and sold at less price than any other first class WHEEL. Send for pamphlet and be convinced. N. F. BURNHAM, York, Pa.

PEACH TREES.
FIRST CLASS AT
SPECIAL LOW RATES.

Write for prices and for catalogue of Peach and other trees and plants, to
EDWIN ALLEN, New Brunswick Nurseries, New Jersey

WM. H. HENNEKEN & CO
WHOLESALE
Jewelers and Jobbers in American and Foreign Watches. Materials, &c.
Also
Wholesale Clock Depot
For all desirable styles of American Clocks.
329 W. Baltimore st., Baltimore, Md. (up stairs

Come North. Send for free farm phamphlet; All about Maryland, County tax 25 cents. J. F. HANCHA. Easton, Md.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Terms free. Address, GEO. STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

$77 A WEEK guaranteed to Male and Female Agents, in their locality. Costs NOTHING to try it. Particulars free. P. O. VICKERY & CO., Augusta, Me.

Psychomancy, Or Soul Charming." How either sex may fascinate and gain the love and affections of any person they choose, instantly. This simple mental acquirement all can possess, free, by mail, for 25 cents; together with a Marriage Guide, Egyptian Oracle, Dreams, Hints to Ladies, &c. A queer book. 100,000 sold. Address T. WILLIAM & Co., Publishers, Philadelphia

SNELL, SPARE & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Side and End Spring No Top Buggies,
Top Buggies, Three-cut-Seat Buggies,
Phaetons, Two Seat Wagons, Carriolets,
Barouches, Rockaways, &c. &c
NEW HAVEN, CONN.
Send for Catalogue and Price List.

OLD DOMINION
PRICE Forty Dollars.

CIDER AND WINE MILL.

THIS is the best PORTABLE CIDER MILL ever offered in this market.

The peculiarity of the grinding rollers is such that the apple is thoroughly crushed, and a larger quantity of cider can be obtained from the same amount of apples than by the use of any other PORTABLE MILL.

TO THE
AGRICULTURAL TRADE

throughout the South we would say, that if you want a M I L L which, under any and all circumstances, will give your customer entire satisfaction in all respects—rapidly of work, ease of motion, and thorough extraction of all the juice of the apple—buy the

OLD DOMINION.

We have also in store a large stock of Farm and Freight Wagons,
Lever and Chain Hay Presses,
Baling Wire, Manilla Rope,
Hay and Grain Scales,
and Agricultural Implements of every kind and endless variety.

Large illustrated catalogues sent to any address giving description and price of our manufactures.

H. M. SMITH & CO.
Manufactures.
P. O. Box, 8. Richmond, Va.
august 12.

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF
NORTH CAROLINA.
Paid in Capital $500.000.
Designated Depository of the United States and Financial Agent.
W. H. WILLARD, President.
C. DEWEY, Cashier.

Make collections in any part of the country at low rates.

DIRECTORS:
C. Dewey, W. H. Willard, A. S. Merrimon,
R. S. Tucker, W. J. Hawkins, A. G. Lee,
W. G. Upchurch
Nov. 26th 1873 ly.

Dr. D. A. Robertson,
Surgeon Dentist.
Office over C. M. Parks' store.

WILL visit Chapel Hill on the fourth Monday of every month.

Having moved to Greensboro, he will return and spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro, and will remain the following week if necessary.

My office in Hillsboro, will be kept open, by Dr. MARSHALL CAMERON, who is competent to perform all operations. Jan. 1

THE BANK OF MECKLENBURG.
CHARLOTTE, N. C.
Authorized Capital $500,000
JAS. TURNER TATE, President.
THOS. W. DEWEY, Cashier.
F. H. DEWEY, Ass't. Cashier.
AT THE BANKING HOUSE OF
TATE & DEWEY.

THIS Bank Chartered under Act of the General Assembly, and duly organized under laws of the State of South Carolina, with ample means, is prepared to transact
GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
and furnish accommodations to all Customers on
LIBERAL TERMS.
The Bank will receive Deposits subject to check and will
Allow Interest According to Agreement,
on all Deposits left on time, or issue Certificates of Deposit bearing interest at the rate of
Eight per Cent per Annum,
on all sums lying undrawn over thirty days.
Gold and Silver Coin, Bullion and old Bank Notes Bought and Sold.
THOS. W. DEWEY.
Jan 1874. ly. Cashier.

J E SCHOOLFIELD, & Co.
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
Cooking Stoves, Wagon and Buggy Material.
DANVILLE, VA.
Peyton's old stand opposite Hickson and Tynch. Jan. 8 '74. ly.

GEORGE PAGE & CO.,
Manufacturers of
PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR
SAW MILLS,
ALSO STATIONARY & PORTABLE
STEAM ENGINES,
No 5 N. Schroeder st.
BALTIMORE, MD.

Grist Mills, Leffel's Turbine Water Wheels, Wood Working Machinery of all kinds, and Chisholm's Saw Mills.
SEND FOR CATALOGUES.

OSWEGO
SILVER GLOSS STARCH,
For the Laundry.
MANUFACTURED BY
T. KINGSFORD & SON.
HAS BECOME A
HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY.
Its great excellence has merited the commendation of Europe for American Manufacture.
PULVERIZED CORN STARCH
PREPARED BY
T. KINGSFORD & SON,
Expressly for food, when it is properly made into Puddings, is a desert of great excellence.
For Sale by all First-class Grocers.
aug. 19.

W. E. ANDERSON, President. E. A. WILEY, Cashier.
Citizens' National Bank
OF
RALEIGH, N. C.
Authorized Capital, $500.000.
DEAL IN
Government and other Securities.
Nov. 14. 6m

John Armstrong.
No. 1 Fayetteville Street,
Raleigh, N. C.
BOOK BINDER
AND
Blank Book Manufacturer
NEWSPAPERS, Magazines and Law Books of every description bound in the very best Style and at Lowest Prices. Jan 7 ly.

$15,00.
Is it Possible
THAT
L. J. EMMETT & Co.,
OFFER to sell a Good FAMILY SEWING MACHINE, (that will do as fine and as wide a range of work as any machine in the market,) with FULL TABLE Treadle and Black Walnut Top, all finished, All for FIFTEEN DOLLARS? It is not only possible, but a fact. If you are doubtful of it, send for a Circular, Price List, &c.

The Manufacturers do not hesitate to challenge the world to produce a better, or even as good a machine for the money.

Extra Inducements offered Agents to sell this wonderful INVENTION, the "Eureka Sewing Machine" and table for $15. $5,000 a year income guaranteed by us to those smart and active.

Send for sample Sewing Illustrated Circular, containing cuts of MACHINE and TABLE, with full particulars, to
L. J. EMMETT & CO., Gen'l Agt's.
Brooklyn, N. Y. Box 44.
Principal Office, Fulton St., Brooklyn.
Please state what paper you saw this advertisement in.

Greatest Wonder of the 19th Century for $15.00. A Eureka Sewing Machine with Table for

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS
In from One to Twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF IS A CURE FOR EVERY PAIN.
It was the first and is
The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.
IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES,
no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the RHEUMATIC, Bedridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Sick, or prostrated with disease may suffer,
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.
INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER.
INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS.
INFLAMMATION OF THE LUNGS.
SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING.
PALPITATION OF THE HEART.
HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA.
CATARRH, INFLUENZA.
HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM.
COLD CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS.
The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.
Fifty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure CRAMPS, SPASMS, SOUR STOMACH, HEARTBURN, SICK HEADACHE, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, COLIC, WIND IN THE BOWELS, or INTERNAL PAINS.
Travellers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.
FEVER AND AGUE.
FEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!
STRONG AND PURE BLOOD—INCREASE OF FLESH AND WEIGHT—CLEAR SKIN AND BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION SECURED TO ALL.

DR. RADWAY'S
Sarsaparillian Resolvent
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.
HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES. SO QUICK, SO RAPID ARE THE CHANGES THE BODY UNDERGOES UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL MEDICINE, THAT
Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the blood, nerves, and other fluids and tissues of the system the vitality of life. It is certain that no other remedy will cure and expel so many deep-seated, dangerous, and horrible diseases. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, glandular disease, Ulcers in the throat, Mouth, Tumors, Scrofula in the Glands and other parts of the system, Erysipelas, Chronic Rheumatism, Fever Sores, Scaly Eruptions, Pimples on the Face, Blotches, Worms in the Flesh, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Inflammation of the Eyes, Scrofulous Affections of the Testicles, Neck, Glands, and all complaints arising from Impure Blood, Vitiated Humors in the Blood, Chronic Inflammation of the Kidneys and Bladder, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Stone and Gravel, Calculus, Gout, Dropsy, Female Complaints, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ulceration of the Uterus or Womb, Chronic Constipation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. For purifying the blood, strengthening the whole system, restoring health and vigor, there is no remedy like RADWAY'S RESOLVENT. Two or three bottles in the worst form of disease, with the directions and observance of the following Rules and Regulations, will work a miraculous change in the health of the patient. Night Sweats, Loss of Semen, and all the wasting diseases and infirmities consequent on self-abuse, are within the curative range of this wonderful remedy. Persons who have injured themselves by the use of mercury, will find a few bottles of the Resolvent will entirely remove all the effects of the poison, and restore the patient to sound health. Let the use of the Resolvent be persevered in, and the food digesting, appetite improving, and flesh and weight increasing.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT exceed all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases, but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney & Bladder Complaints,

Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stone and Gravel, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious, or black appearance, and when some dull pain or ache in the back is felt, a pricking, burning or painful sensation when passing, or pain in the small of the back and along the loins.

Tumor of 12 Years' Growth Cured by Radway's Resolvent.

DR. RADWAY'S
Perfect Purgative & Regulating Pill

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sugar, vegetable, purely, cleanse and strengthen. They are the best cathartic of the age, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. For the cure of all these complaints, take one of RADWAY'S PILLS every night for a few days, and you will have a perfect digestion, and the healthy secretions of the liver will be restored. Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs: Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering of the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 32 Warren st., New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

TALBOTT & SONS,
(Successors to TALBOTT & BROTHER.)
Shockoe Machine Works,
CORNER CARY AND 17th STS.,
RICHMOND, VA.
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTABLE AND STATIONARY
STEAM ENGINES.

CIRCULAR Saw and Grist Mills; Hydraulic Presses, and all kinds of Tobacco Fixtures, Wrought Iron Works, Brass and Iron Castings, Machinery of every description, &c.
Sept 9th 1y.

THE NORTH CAROLINA
MANUAL.

PUBLISHED by authority and under the auspices of the General Assembly, will now soon be issued under the direction of the Secretary of State; the material for which has been collected and prepared by John H. Wheeler, Esq.

It presents in condensed form the dates and events of the State, from the earliest period of its history to the present day, and the names of those whether in the Executive, Judicial or Legislative Departments, who have done the State some service; with valuable Statistical and Chronological tables connected with the State and Federal Government, which will be found useful as a hand book of reference to all public men, and men of business.

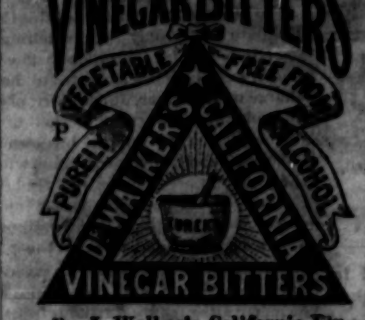
The price of the book is $2.00, bound in cloth. When sent by mail postage to be added.

Agents are wanted in every county of the State to sell this book.

Editors copying this advertisement and sending a copy of the paper to me, will have a copy of the book sent to them.

Address, ALFRED WILLIAMS,
Bookseller,
aug 19. Raleigh, N C

VINEGAR BITTERS



Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Their extraordinary powers proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time exciting the secretions of the liver, and producing the healthy secretions of the digestive organs.

Rheumatism. By purifying the body all diseases of this character will disappear. In the spring of the year, when the blood is filled with impurities, a few bottles of VINEGAR BITTERS will be found in the system. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fortified.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Erysipelas, Scalded Neck, Goitre, or Thick Neck, Strumous Inflammations, Indolent Inflammations, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Ulcerations of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these as in all other constitutional Diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Typesetters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take a dose of WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS occasionally.

For Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter, Salt-rheum, Blotches, Spots, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations of the Skin, Humors and Diseases of the Skin of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Tape, and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics will free the system from worms like these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Tonic Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

CLOVER HOTEL.

Important to Travelers.

THE Clover Hotel, situated on the Richmond and Danville Railroad, is in every respect a
FIRST CLASS HOTEL!
THE TABLE will at all times be Supplied with the best the Market affords.
The Hungry Traveller can always rely on getting a GOOD MEAL and sufficient time given to enjoy the same. M. H. WATKINS.
march 4. Proprietor.

THE
The North Carolina Home
INSURANCE CO.
OF
RALEIGH, N. C.

Insures Dwellings, Stores, Merchandise AND All Classes of Insurable Property,
AGAINST
Loss or Damage by Fire, on the most Favorable Terms.

ITS Stockholders are gentlemen interested in building up North Carolina Institutions, and among them are many of the prominent business and financial men of the State.

All Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.

This Company has, already, during the three years of its existence, paid a large amount of Losses, yet its assets are steadily increasing.

It appeals with confidence to the Insurers of Property in North Carolina.

Encourage Home Institutions.

R. H. BATTLE, Jr., President.
C. B. ROOT, Vice President.
SEATON GALES, Sec'y.
P. COWPER, Supervisor.
HAMILTON & GRAHAM, Local Agents.
may 28 6m. Hillsboro, N. C.

THE WEIL HOUSE,
GOLDSBORO, N. C.,
W. R. BARRINGER, PROPRIETOR,
Board. per Day, $2,00 Dinner 75c.
April 15.

C. E. PARISH,
Attorney at Law,
Hillsboro, N. C.

PARTICULAR attention given to collections and cases in Bankruptcy.
Office in the Court House. [may 21 3m

Piedmont Air-Line Railway.

Richmond & Danville, Richmond & Danville R. W., N. C. Division, and North Western N. C. R. W.

Condensed Time Table. in effect on and after Sunday, July 26th, 1874.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Charlotte.....	7.45 p. m.	8.55 A M
" Air Line Junc'n	8.15 "	8.56
" Salisbury	10.44	10.34
" Greensboro....	2.15 a m	1.15 P M
" Danville, ...	5.13 "	3.56
" Dundee, ...	5.25 "	5.48
" Burkeville, ...	11.30	
Ar. at Richmond, ...	2.22 p. m.	11.04 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Richmond,	1.38 P. M.	11.04 P M.
" Burkville	4.41 "	2.07 A M
" Dundee,	9.25 "	7.49 "
" Danville	9.39 "	7.41 "
" Greensboro	12.20 am	11.00 "
" Salisbury	3.15 A M	1.21 P M
" Air-Line Jct'n	3.45 "	2.25 "
Ar. at Charlotte.	4.22 "	3.20 "

GOING EAST.	GOING WEST.
STATIONS. MAIL.	MAIL.
Leave Greensboro' 12.15 a. m.	Ar. 11.15 P m
" Co. Shops 4.00 "	L've 10.00 "
" Hillsboro, "	" "
" Raleigh 8.10 A M	" 5.41 "
Ar. at Goldsboro' 10.50 "	L've 2.30 P M

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.
SALEM BRANCH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	EXPRESS.
Leave Greensboro	2.00 a m	3.50 p m
Arrive at Salem	3.30 "	4.50 "
Leave Salem,	9.30 p m	8.00 a m
Arrive at Greensboro.	11.1 "	9.45 "

Passenger trains leaving Raleigh at 3.41 p. m. connects at Greensboro with the Northern bound train; making the quickest time to all Northern cities. Price of Tickets same as via other routes.

Trains to and from points East of Greensboro connect at Greensboro with Mail Trains to or from points North or South.

Trains daily both ways.

On Sundays Lynchburg Accommodation leave Richmond at 9.42 a m., arrive at Burkeville 12.55 p m., leave Burkeville 4.35 a. m., arrive at Richmond 7.50 p m.

Pullman Palace cars on all night trains between Charlotte and Richmond, (without change:

Papers that have arrangements to advertise the schedule of this company will please print as above.

For further information address
S. E ALLEN, Gen'l Ticket Agent
Greensboro, N, C.
T. M. R. TALCOTT,
Engineer and Superintendent.

GO TO TEXAS
VIA THE
Lone Star Route.
(International and Great Northern R. R.)

PASSENGERS going to Texas via Memphis and Little Rock, or via Shreveport, strike this line at Longview, the Best Route to Palestine, Hearne, Waco, Austin, Huntsville, Houston, Galveston and all points in Western, Central, Eastern and Southern Texas.

Passengers via New Orleans will find it the best Route to Tyler, Mineola, Dallas, Overton, Crockett, Longview and all points in Eastern and Northeastern Texas.

This line is well built, thoroughly equipped with every modern improvement, including New and Elegant Day Coaches, Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Westinghouse Air Brakes, Miller's Patent Safety Platforms and couplers: and nowhere else can the passenger so completely depend on a speedy, safe and comfortable journey.

The LONE STAR Route has admirably answered the query: 'How to go to Texas?' by the publication of an interesting and truthful document, containing a valuable and correct map, which can be obtained, free of charge, by addressing the GENERAL TICKET AGENT, International and Great Northern Railroad, Houston, Texas.

District E.) Feb; 1ly.